

The Qu'Appelle Progress.

Vol. III, No. 46.

QUAPPELLE, N. W. T., THURSDAY, SEPT. 20, 1888.

Price Five Cents.

The Qu'Appelle Progress

Is Published every Thursday
The Progress Printing Office, in the
Town of Qu'Appelle, Assiniboia, Canada.

Subscription price: \$1.00 per annum, in-
variably in advance; single copies 5 cents.
The rates for our advertising space by
contract are as follows:

	One	Three	One
the column	\$10.00	\$25.00	\$50.00
half column	5.00	12.50	25.00
quarter column	2.50	6.25	12.50
two lines	1.00	2.50	5.00
one line	.50	1.25	2.50

These rates do not apply to auction
sales, entertainments, tenders, meetings,
local notices, or anything of a transitory
nature. Transient advertisements, 10 cents
per line first insertion, 5 cents per line each
subsequent insertion. Yearly advertisements
discounted. The publisher reserves the right to
refuse to insert advertisements of a questionable
or objectionable character.

Address: JAMES WEIDMAN,
Qu'Appelle Station, Assin.
E. J. WEIDMAN, Proprietor.

REGINA.

DAWSON, BOLE & Co.,
Wholesale Druggists, Regina, N. W. T.

J. McEWEN,

General Blacksmith,

Carriage and Wagon Builder.

Horse Shoeing a Specialty.

All kinds of Job Work strictly attended
to. Flow stores made to order and
guaranteed to work. A large quantity of

IRON AND COAL.

Carriage springs, axles and thimble chain
for wagons.

Qu'Appelle, June 2, 1887.

JOHN B. MILLIKEN, & Co

Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of

Harness & Saddlery

WHIPS,
CURRY COMBS,
HORSE BRUSHES,
BELLS,
BLANKETS,
SPURS,
TRUNKS,
VALISES,
ETC., ETC., ETC.

Qu'Appelle, Nov. 25, 1886.

ICE CREAM

WHITING BROS.

BAKERS.

Pastry Cooks, Confectioners,

Caterers, and Fruit Dealers.

Wedding and Birthday Cake's
Made to Order.

As who offer from indication should try

WHITING'S

WHO E MEAL BREAD.

For all rising flour in 5 lb. packets 25c

R. JOHNSTON,

DEALER IN

Agricultural Implements,

Buggies, Buckboards,

WAGONS, ETC.

LIVERY,

Feed and Sale Stable

First Class Rigs.

Daily Stage to Fort Qu'Appelle.

QU'APPELLE, ASSIN.

J. B. ROBINSON

Contractor, Builder,

ETC., ETC.

QU'APPELLE.

All Work in my Line will Receive

Careful Attention.

New Goods!

C. G. BOOTHE,

SINTALUTA

DEALER IN

Dry Goods, Groceries,

CLOTHING,

Boots and Shoes,

HARDWARE,

Crockery, Glassware, etc.

BRICK FOR SALE

IN ANY QUANTITY

AT THE

Qu'Appelle Brick Yard.

J. DOOLITTLE.

J. H. MacCAUL,

Insurance Agent,

AND DEALER IN

Hard & Soft Coal,

LUMBER,

SASH,

DOORS,

BUILDING PAPER, Etc., Etc.

QU'APPELLE.

Branch at Indian Head.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that

His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor

has this day been pleased to order that

SITTINGS OF THE

SUPREME COURT

For the Judicial District of Western Assiniboia

shall be held within the said District at

ten o'clock in the forenoon on the days and

at the places following, namely:—

QU'APPELLE STATION,

Friday, 2nd November, 1888.

SWIFT CURRENT,

Tuesday, 6th November, 1887.

FORT QU'APPELLE,

Tuesday, 13th November, 1888.

MOOSE JAW,

Friday, 16th November, 1888.

By Command,
A. E. FORGET, Secretary.

Lieutenant-Governor's Office,
Regina, Tuesday, 10th July, 1888.

S. H. COLLINS.

QU'APPELLE.

DEALER IN

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT

Any Price You Want Them

From \$1 up to \$10.

BOOTS MADE TO ORDER

TERMS CASH.

S. H. COLLINS.

Qu'Appelle, May 24th, 1887.

THOMSON & NELSON

FORWARDERS.

AND DEALERS IN

Lumber, Lath, Shingles

DOORS, SASH

Building Paper, etc

Office West of C.P.R. Station.

QU'APPELLE.

BRANCH at FORT QU'APPELLE.

SALE OF THREE FARMS.

Under and by virtue of the powers of sale

contained in certain mortgages of mortgage

duly registered and which will be produced

at the time of sale there will be offered for

sale by Public Auction by G. S. Davidson,
at the Queen's Hotel, Qu'Appelle Station,
N. W. T., on Wednesday the 17th day of

October, 1888, at the hour of one o'clock in

the afternoon, the following parcels of prop-
erty: Parcel No. 1: The North West quar-
ter of Section Ten (10) in Township Twenty

(20) in Range Thirteen (13) West of the

Second Principal Meridian in the North

West Territories of Canada, containing 160

acres more or less. This land is about nine

miles from Indian Head and three miles

from Katox P. O. in a good farming coun-
try. A dwelling house is on the farm.

Parcel No. 2: The South West quarter of

Section Twenty-two (22) in Township Twenty

(20) in Range Eleven (11) West of the

Second Principal Meridian in the North West

Territories of Canada, containing 160 acres

more or less. This land is about sixteen

miles from Indian Head. There is a dwell-
ing house on the land.

Parcel No. 3: The South West quarter of

Section Sixteen (16) in Township Eighteen

(18) in Range Twelve (12) West of the Sec-
ond Principal Meridian in the North West

Territories of Canada containing 160 acres

more or less. This land is well situated

about three miles from Indian Head with a

good road leading to a town. There are on

the farm a dwelling house and farm build-
ings. There will be a reserved bid on each of

the above parcels.

Terms of sale: Ten per cent cash on the

day of sale; the balance in accordance with

the conditions which will be made known

at the time of sale.

For further particulars apply to

MUNSON & ALLEN,
Vendors' Solicitors,
Winnipeg.

or to F. L. OSER,
Qu'Appelle Station, or
CRAWFORD & ROBERTSON,
Indian Head.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

1 Timkin Buckboard, nearly new.

1 Set Hand-made Single Harness, new.

1 Buford Sulky Plow, Land roll.

1 Trotting Sulky, strong and in No. 1

order.

Apply to

TAYLOR & WILSON,
Whitewood, Sept. 7th, 1888.

Teacher Wanted.

FOR McLean Protestant Public School

No. 61, for Three Months, 3rd

class certificate, duties to commence on

September 25th, 1888. Applying stating salary

and qualifications to

JOHN B. DAVIS,
Chairman of Trustees,
McLean, Sept. 12th, 1888.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS FOR COLLECTOR for

the Municipality of South Qu'Appelle

for the current year, will be received by the

undersigned up to 12 o'clock, Saturday, the

9th day of October, 1888. Applicants to

give the names of two Sureties for \$1,000

each.

By order,
A. M. McLANE,
Clerk of the Municipality of South Qu'Appelle

Regina, Aug. 21, 1888.

\$5 REWARD.

A BAY MARE, branded A on left hip

and shouder, lost from sec. 23th, 18 r.

17, Balgonie P. O., about the 11th inst. She

had on a set of harness when lost. To any

person returning her or giving such infor-
mation as will lead to her recovery the above

reward and expenses will be paid.

M. WAGONER,
Balgonie, Aug. 21, 1888.

Directory.

ENGLISH CHURCH,
ST. JAMES, QU'APPELLE.

Sunday Services, 11 and 12 o'clock every

Sunday. Holy Communion every Sunday

at 8 o'clock and 12 o'clock alternately.

Sunday School at halfpast 11 o'clock.

Children's Service at halfpast 11 o'clock

the first Sunday in the month.

Evening on Wednesdays at 19:30 and

Fridays at 19 o'clock. Choir practice after-
wards.

S. CHAPIN'S

Evening every Sunday at 15 o'clock, ex-
cept once a month when there will be

Mating and Holy Communion at 11 o'clock.

COLLEGE CHAPEL.

Holy Communion, 7 o'clock every fort-

night. Daily Morning and Evening Prayer.

Clergy.—Rev. W. G. Lyon, Rev. W. H.

Green.

METHODIST CHURCH.

Rev. A. Andrews,
QU'APPELLE.

Service every Sunday morning at 11, and

evening at 19 o'clock. Sunday School

at halfpast 10 o'clock. Class meeting every

Sunday morning after service. Prayer meet-

ing every Wednesday evening at half past

19 o'clock.

REGULARY.

Service every Sunday afternoon at 14:30

o'clock, (2:30 p.m.)

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH,
Rev. J. Gratton, O. M. I.

QU'APPELLE.

Service every last Sunday in the month

at 10:30 o'clock.

ROYAL TEMPLES.

QU'APPELLE COUNCIL.

Regular meeting at 18 o'clock (8 p.m.)

F. Marwood, S. C.; Mrs. A. Andrews, Sec.

MASONIC.

QU'APPELLE LODGE.

Regular meetings on the Tuesday before

full moon, at 20 o'clock. A. C. Patterson,
W. M.; H. Jager, Sec.

QU'APPELLE (STATION) POST OFFICE.

Mails close for the east and west every

evening except Wednesday at 19 o'clock;

open for delivery at 20 o'clock.

For Fort Qu'Appelle, etc., close daily at

7 o'clock, and open for delivery at 8 o'clock.

For Prince Albert and points on the Sas-
katchewan, close every Tuesday at 19 and

open for delivery every Tuesday at 8 o'clock.

The post office closes every evening at 19

o'clock; registered mail at 18:30, and money

order department at 15 o'clock.

HON. MR. DEWDNEY.

WHAT HE SAID AT HIS
ELECTION.

When the time for receiving
nominations was closed, Hon. E.
Dewdney, Minister of the Interior,
being the only candidate, the Re-
turning officer declared him duly
elected as the M.P. for East Assin-
iboia. The announcement was re-
ceived with enthusiastic applause.

Mr. Dewdney thanked the elec-
tors of both parties for their unani-
mous support tendered him. He
referred briefly to the matter of the
extension of C. P. R. branch lines
in Southern Manitoba and to the
threat of certain settlers in the
Southeastern portion of the con-
stituency that unless he would give
them a distinct promise that fifty
miles of railway should be

built this fall in their district they
would oppose him, though person-
ally favorable to him, but would
support him if he would give such a
pledge, and said that although he
could not, of course, enter into any
such bargain, he had told them

he would do all in his power to as-
sist in getting a railway. The offer
of a position in the cabinet to a re-
presentative from the Northwest
he was sure the audience would
agree with him was a great honor
to the Northwest, and it would
have been a most unfortunate thing
if untimely opposition had allowed
it to be supposed that the North-
west did not want a minister.

While canvassing my district I
found there was a great difference
of opinion as to land matters. Some
wanted to be allowed to second
homestead their pre-emptions; oth-
ers thought it inadvisable; some
thought they could not make a
living on 160 acres, others thought

they could; some parties were
anxious that men who had not car-
ried out their homestead and pre-
emption duties should have their
claims cancelled. Boards of trade
found were moving in this matter
and were asking that speculators
or those who did not occupy their
land in the vicinity of towns should
have their lands cancelled. A

number of people think that second
homesteads should never have been
granted, and point out whole dis-
tricts deserted and the land where
cultivation has been carried on pro-
ducing nothing but noxious weeds.
Means, I trust, will be found to
force these lands into market to be
again occupied by bona fide settlers,
or centres of population which de-
pend on the outside districts will
suffer materially. I have made a
careful note of these views and they
will receive my fullest sympathy
and consideration, and should any
changes be made they shall be in
the interest of the settlers.

In referring to the Temperance question
Mr. Dewdney said he had adminis-
tered the permit system eight or
nine years, and he had come to the
conclusion years ago when he was
not in a position to express an
opinion that it was a most obnoxious
one. It was a most obnoxious
thing for a man to be obliged to ask
any person's permission as to what
he should drink. The time had
come for some change and he did
not care what change was made
it could not be as obnoxious a law
as the present one. He was him-
self a Temperate man. He had not
drank anything intoxicating for two
years. His doctor had given him
orders that he should not do so. Mr.
Dewdney referred to some amu-
sing incidents that had occurred
during his administration of the
permit system, and went on to speak
of the great difficulty there was in
enforcing the law. We had a
thousand policemen whose duty it
was to enforce it. But they could
not do it. If we had 2,000 police-
men they could not do it. The
sympathy of the people was not in
favor of the Prohibitory liquor law
in force. When detectives and in-
formers were employed to enforce
the law and action was taken
against those who violated it, there
were threats of violence against
the police and had feeling aroused.
Therefore it was a dead letter.
That was why he objected to our
Prohibitory liquor law. He thought
we should in the Northwest have
the same privileges that the people
had in Manitoba fifty miles to the
east of us. He would favor the
education of the people in Temper-
ance principles, and he would be
willing to assist in any legislation
with that object in view. regard-
ing the ballot subject which had
been brought to his notice during
the canvass the minister stated that
he was in the House of Commons
when the ballot was first introduced

and had voted for it, and when it
was brought before the House again
in connection with the Northwest
he was prepared to support it again.
In conclusion, he referred briefly to
Dominion matters at large, and
the position of the Government in
relation to the recent negotiations
with the United States, and said
he believed the country at large
would continue to support the Gov-
ernment so long as it pursued a
course which was intended to show
that the Dominion was prepared to
take care of itself and defend its
rights.

GRENFELL

(From our own correspondent.)
—Mr. Chas. Cole is going to
erect another store.

—Several other buildings are to
be erected this fall.

—Grain has been only slightly
damaged by frost here.

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Half column	8.00	12.00	28.00
Quarter column	5.00	7.00	15.00
Three inches	3.00	5.00	10.00
Two inches	2.00	4.00	8.00

Business cards \$1.00 per month payable
quarterly.
The above rates do not apply to auction
sales, entertainments, tenders, meetings,
legal notices, or anything of a transitory
nature. Transient advertisements, 10 cents
per line first insertion, 5 cents per line each
additional insertion. Yearly advertisements
allowed to be changed monthly, if other
\$1.00 will be charged for each additional
change.

Business locals, 50 cents for first twenty-
five words, 2 cents for each additional word.
The publisher reserves the right to refuse
to insert advertisements of a questionable
or objectionable character.
Address, JAMES WEIDMAN,
Qu'Appelle Station, Assin.
E. J. WEIDMAN, Proprietor.

THE NEW MINISTER OF THE INTERIOR.

As reported in last week's issue
of THE PROGRESS the Hon. E.
Dewdney was elected by acclama-
tion for the representation of East
Assiniboia in the House of Com-
mons. The people of the Dominion,
the Northwest and this electoral
district in particular have great
reason to congratulate themselves
in the election and appointment of
a man so well qualified to fill the
position of Minister of the Interior.
Taking all the circumstances into
consideration, it was a foregone con-
clusion that he would be elected.
The opposition to his election that
was talked of the most come from
the southeastern part of the district,
but being sectional and of a stand
and deliver kind, could not succeed.
The Liberal party of the riding did
not believe in opposition, this being
a bye-election and that of a Cabinet
Minister, the appointment of whom
was a concession of the right of the
west to representation in the Cab-
inet, a principle which they as well
as the Conservative party had ad-
vocated, and were not prepared to
stultify themselves by offering mere
party opposition. It is conceded
by both political parties in the
Northwest that Mr. Dewdney is
possessed, in an eminent degree, of
the requisite qualifications for the
position, and his course will be
watched with interest. There is an
attempt being made to prejudice
Prohibitionists against Mr. Dew-
dney, but unless he departs from his
record in the past they have
little to fear. It is generally con-
ceded that he administered the permit
system with such care as to cause
little complaint from those who
are opposed to the introduction of a
license law into the Territories.
Though Mr. Dewdney is not an
out and out Prohibitionist, we under-
stand that he is not in favor of the
licensed barroom, and that he is
willing to assist any legislation that
will meet the approval of a majority
of the people. No doubt the
electors of the district will carefully
scrutinize Mr. Dewdney's conduct
of public affairs between now and
the next general election and will
give their verdict accordingly. His
election by acclamation at the pres-
ent time has strengthened his hands
as the Minister of the Interior, and
the belief is general that he will ad-
minister his department with a sin-
cere desire to assist the pioneer set-
tler and advance the interests of the
country generally.

DOES PROHIBITION PRO- HIBIT?

If we are to believe a telegraphic
despatch to the Winnipeg Free Press
of Friday last, the Dominion Minister
of Justice sent an employee, Mr. A. H.
Horan, over to Maine to report upon
the working of the Prohibition
Liquor law, and that gentleman
found it was a failure. "This view,"
he says, "is shared by many of the
leading citizens of Maine, who as-
sisted Mr. Horan in his enquiries,
and who directed his attention to the
quarters where ample confirma-
tion of the statement that Prohibi-
tion did not work, was obtained." No
doubt Mr. Horan found that he
could buy whiskey in Maine, be-
cause it is plain to see from the
above that was made the chief ob-
ject of his investigations. It does
not appear that he went further than
that. No doubt in a city like Port-
land for instance, the law is violated,
but it would seem that Mr. Horan
did not take any trouble to ascer-

tain the good results of the Prohibi-
tory law. It is the height of absur-
dity to send men to report upon a
Prohibitory law who have deter-
mined beforehand what their report
will be. A whiskey man will find
whiskey in a large city no matter
what kind of a law is in force. A
Prohibitory liquor enactment is not
different from any other restrictive
legislation. No one but an actual
thief, who desires to live by appropri-
ating other people's property, or
some one who for a selfish reason
has some sympathy for him, could
be found to say that the law against
stealing was a failure. The same
holds good with regard to Prohibi-
tion. As a rule it is either the man
who desires to make money by manu-
facturing or selling intoxicants, or
one who is afraid he may be pre-
vented from gratifying his appetite,
that says Prohibition does not Pro-
hibit. But if even these were to be
candid they could not help admit-
ting that wherever Prohibition has
had a fair trial it has been as effec-
tual in accomplishing the object in-
tended as the laws against theft.
Experience has demonstrated that
all criminal law is effectual only in
proportion to the rigor with which
it is enforced, and the amplitude of
the machinery employed in bring-
ing criminals to justice. The same
may be said of a Prohibitory law.
Another phase of the question is
the sympathy of the officers of the
law whose duty it is to enforce it.
It was found in Scott Act counties
in Ontario where the magistrates
inspectors, etc., desired to see the
successful operation of the Act,
that it was much more effectual
than where the officers did their
best to make the Act a failure if
possible. Even in our own North-
west Territories where the law itself,
barring the permit power vested in
the Lieut.-Governor, is most com-
plete and the machinery for its en-
forcement ample, the law is much
better enforced in some sections
than others. Where the police
officers and men are determined to
do their duty the law is as effectual
as it can be while it is handicapped
by the permit system. Where the
police are lax in the discharge of
their duty, there the law is not as
successful as it might be, we are
compelled to admit. Therefore, if
Prohibition does not accomplish the
object intended, the reason is self
evident. If the permit power were
limited and the head officers of the
police were determined that our
Prohibitory law should be respected,
we would hear very little about the
difficulty of its enforcement. The
difficulty is not with the law itself,
but with its officers. Were the
Police Commissioner more concerned
to make our law as effective as pos-
sible, than in finding fault with it
and recommending the introduction
of beer into the Territories, and
were the Lieut.-Governor to per-
emptorily refuse permits except in
small quantities for medicinal, scien-
tific and sacramental purposes, we
would soon find our Prohibitory law
a more grand success than it now is.
Even a contrast between the admin-
istration of Lieut.-Governor Royal
and that of his predecessor is but
another argument in support of our
position. Hon. Mr. Dewdney ad-
ministered the permit system with
some regard to the proper use
of the liquor allowed to be imported.
He evinced a sincere desire to pre-
vent the excessive use of the intoxi-
cants obtained by his permission,
and refused on an average half and
often more of the applications for
permits when he had good reason
to believe that the applicants were
likely to abuse the privilege they
were seeking. Mr. Royal refuses
no one a permit, and has introduced
the principle of license and granted
permits to sell beer. Owing to the
busy season and the little money in
circulation since he inaugurated his
policy, the difference in results be-
tween the two administrations has
not been as apparent as it will be
when our people congregate in the
towns to market their produce
or to attend the fall exhibitions or
on other occasions. But notwith-
standing the busy time and the
scarcity of money the contrast of re-
sults does not reflect credit upon
Mr. Royal's administration. The
natural conclusion of all this is that
the cry of failure is father of the
thought, and the difficulty of enforce-
ment is the admission of the anti-

pathy to the principle of the law
which its guardians (?) are supposed
to enforce. The assertion that Pro-
hibition is a failure is not founded
in fact. Notwithstanding the diffi-
culties placed in the way of our
Prohibition law, it has commanded
general respect in Assiniboia, and
in Alberta and Saskatchewan it has
been undoubtedly productive of
good. This will be demonstrated
when the people are given an oppor-
tunity of expressing an opinion at
the polls on the question. The
time for sending commissioners
to report on the failure or success
of Prohibition has gone by. The
people most concerned ought to be
the best judges of the results of the
law in Maine. Prohibition has
been the law of that state for many
years, and no better proof of its
effectiveness can be adduced than
the fact that the more the people had
of it they more they wanted. Every
time the people of the state were
called upon to express their opinion
at the polls they endorsed it with
overwhelming majorities. Then
what is the use of sending such
men as Mr. Horan to report on the
results when they are so apparent?
If the Government want to spend
any money that way, let them send
men who will be candid, who will
not merely go round hunting for
drinks, but will seek to know
whether the Prohibitory law is as
effective in its operations as other
statutory enactments usually are.

TEN MINUTES IN A BARROOM.

HOW IT'S DONE IN MONTANA.

The despatch given below is a
sample of what might be expected in
the Northwest if a license law were
introduced into the country, and yet
we find men who, on other subjects
are wise and level headed, prepared
to advocate a system that makes
such terrible scenes possible.

Butte City, Aug. 30.—A gorge-
ously furnished room all ablaze
with gas jets and glittering with
polished glass and mirrors, filled with a
motley crowd of gamblers, miners,
rounders and a sprinkling of the
fair and frail sex.

Such was the sight that met my
view a few evenings since when I
strolled into a saloon to witness a
glove contest which was advertised
to take place in a large room at the
rear. A card room intervened be-
tween the two above mentioned.
From there shortly issued a man in
a tremendous hurry followed by an-
other, in whose hand gleamed a
beautiful revolver. Several shots
were heard, a knife glistened in the
hand of the pursued man as he stood
at bay, and a duel to the death be-
gan.

A few seconds and all was over,
the man with the gun had received
his death wound, the man with the
knife was uninjured, and an un-
offending bystander was almost cut
in two, his entrails reaching his feet.
Both men died shortly after and the
man with the knife was locked up.
It has since transpired that he wore
a shirt of mail or else he too would
passed in his checks, as three dis-
tinct bullets struck him fair in the
breast and he never wined. It is
doubtful if he can be convicted as
he only defended himself.

Frequently we see reference
made in the papers "to high license
working well." It is no doubt
better than free trade in whiskey
because there are a less number of
saloons. Anything that restricts
their number is in the direction of
Prohibition, and that is perhaps the
chief reason why it works well com-
paratively speaking. But what
puzzles us is, that those who claim
high license as a Temperance
measure, and sound its praises as
reducing the evils of drinking in-
toxicants, do not carry out their
arguments to the legitimate conclu-
sion and advocate the raising of the
license fee to say a million dollars
a piece, which would no doubt be
high enough to reduce the evils of
the drink traffic to a minimum.

-G-R-I-P-

Canada's Comic Paper.
J. W. BENGOUGH, Artist and Editor.
ISSUED WEEKLY.
\$2 a Year; \$1 for 6 Months.
GRIP is increasing in influence and popu-
larity every year. It is a supreme house-
hold favorite, while every Politician and
Professional and Business Man enjoys the
clever hits which appear in every issue.
Subscribe now!
See our Premium and Clipping List. Cir-
culars giving full particulars sent free.
Look out for Grip's Comic Almanac for
1888. Price 10 cents.
ADDRESS: GRIP PUBLISHING CO.,
Toronto, Ont.

Northwest Prohibitory Alliance.

The Northwest Prohibitory Alliance was organized at the Preliminary Temperance Con-
vention held at Regina on the 22nd November, 1887. A copy of the constitution is herewith
enclosed.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

Qu'Appelle, Aug. 28, 1888.

DEAR SIR:

At a meeting of the Executive of the Northwest Prohibitory Alliance
held at Regina on Saturday, 21st July last, a Committee was appointed
to prepare and circulate an appeal to our Temperance friends in the
Northwest to organize in every locality for the coming contest. The
Committee beg to submit the following for your consideration:

The result of the late elections to the Northwest Legislature was that
nearly every one of the twenty-two members chosen is pledged to sustain the
present law until such time as the people may be given an opportunity
to vote on the question. One of the first acts of His Honor Lieutenant-
Governor Royal was to introduce the principle of license by granting
permits to sell four per cent. beer. This was directly contrary to the ex-
pressed wish of the people, and prompt and aggressive organization is
imperatively necessary to resent this and protest against any other con-
cessions.

It is proposed to hold a

TEMPERANCE CONVENTION

And the first annual meeting of the Northwest Prohibitory Alliance
at Regina in the second week of the coming session of the
Legislative Assembly, and it is imperative that such Convention should
be as representative as possible.

Let meetings for organization be called in every locality, and let one
or more delegates be appointed to attend the convention. As soon as
the date of the meeting of the Assembly is announced you will be noti-
fied of the exact date of the Convention. It is the duty of every man
who is opposed to the introduction of the License System into the North-
west Territories to see that his own locality has at least one representative
at our Convention.

Let there be a Grand Rally so that our Temperance vote may be united
to carry into effect the resolutions, etc., that may be adopted at that
meeting.

In behalf of the cause of Temperance and Prohibition.

G. H. V. BULYEA, President Alliance.
JAMES WEIDMAN, Secretary
G. B. MURPHY,
Committee.

FATHERS OF CONFEDERA- TION.

We will club the Winnipeg Sun
and THE QU'APPELLE PROGRESS
for \$1.75 per annum including the
above valuable picture.

The Winnipeg Sun has arranged
for a supply of the historic picture
entitled "The Fathers of Confedera-
tion." It is a delightful engrav-
ing of artistic finish, 26 1/2 inches by
37 1/2 inches in size. It embodies
life-like portraits of thirty-four of
the leading men of Canada in 1864,
including Sir John A. Macdonald,
Sir George E. Cartier, T. D'Arcy
McGee, Hon. George Brown, Hon.
Oliver Mowat, Sir Charles Tupper,
and Sir E. P. Tache. The scene is
in the conference room at Quebec,
the windows of which overlook the
harbor and shipping, and the occa-
sion is the conference which result-
ed in the confederation of the colonies
in 1867. It is a charming
work of art, and possesses great
historic interest. It is given free
to every yearly subscriber to the
weekly Sun, the price of which has
been reduced to \$1 per annum.

THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE

Will be paid for

W H E A T

Delivered at the

QU'APPELLE Roller Mills.

We beg to announce that our Roller
Mills at Qu'Appelle Station, are now
in operation, and that we are prepared
to supply the Farmers of the Muni-
cipality of Qu'Appelle, with Flour,
Bran and Shorts, in exchange for
Wheat on the most liberal terms.

We are also prepared to Chop Bar-
ley and Oats for Feed.

D. H. McMillan & Bro

Water! Water! Water!

THE Subscriber having been appointed
GENERAL AGENT for the Province
of Manitoba and Northwest Territories of
Canada, for the sale of the CELEBRATED
MONARCH WELL AUGER, has much pleasure
in stating that he will have on hand early in
the spring, one of

THE CELEBRATED Monarch Well Auger

Which are superior in every respect to any
other make. They will bore from 6 inches
to 3 feet in diameter, and will go to the
depth of 1500 feet if necessary. Farmers
and others wishing to secure the use of the
CELEBRATED WELL AUGER, in order
to obtain a bountiful supply of Water, will
do well to apply early by letter through the
post office to

D. HENRY STARR,
General Agent for Manitoba and
Northwest Territories of Canada.
Qu'Appelle, N. W. T., Nov. 23rd, 1887.

Apprentice Wanted

A SMART BOY will be afforded a rare
chance to learn the printing business
at the present time. Apply in person or by
letter addressed
THE PROGRESS OFFICE,
Qu'Appelle.

LIME FOR SALE!

IN ANY QUANTITY.

Apply to FRANK MACWOOD,
Qu'Appelle.

NEW BAKERY

A. McKenzie,

QU'APPELLE STREET.

BREAD! FRUITS!

CONFECTIONERY, &c.,

Constantly on hand.

Birthday and Bride's Cakes

A SPECIALTY.

Public Notice.

Leases of School Lands for Hay Cutting purposes.

UNDER authority of an Order in Coun-
cil dated the 22nd day of November,
1888, leases of School Lands in the North-
west Territories will be issued for hay cut-
ting purposes, subject to the following con-
ditions:
The lease shall be for a term not exceeding
five years, and shall be revocable at any
time during its currency on one year's notice
being given to the lessee, who shall not be
entitled to compensation for any improve-
ments made by him.
A lease shall not issue to any person for
more than a section, or for less than a quar-
ter-section.
Where there is only one applicant for the
lease of a school-section or part of the same,
the rental shall be at the rate of 25 cents
per acre per annum, but where there is more
than one applicant for such lease it shall be
put up for tender at an upset rental of 25
cents per acre.
Applications for these leases should be
made to the Local Agents of Dominion
Lands.
A. M. BURGESS,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior,
Ottawa, May 1st, 1888.
N. B.—No unauthorized insertion of this ad-
vertisement will be paid for.

THE PROGRESS OFFICE,
Qu'Appelle.



J. G. MCKENZIE,

Merchant Tailor

QU'APPELLE STATION.

Fit and Workmanship

Guaranteed.
TERMS CASH.

NEW

Spring and Summer Goods

NOW OPENED OUT.

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GENERAL MERCHANT,

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Post Office, Qu'Appelle.

THE LE LAND HOUSE.

Qu'Appelle, Assiniboia.

Love & Raymond,

PROPRIETORS.

Rebuilt, Enlarged, Renovated, Everything
New and First-Class Throughout

SUITS FOR FAMILIES. TERMS MODERATE.

A Full Assortment of Furniture

OF ALL KINDS

Kept Constantly on Hand,

ALSO IN STOCK, A FULL LINE OF

Coffins andaskets.

GEO. H. V. BULYEA,

Corner Qu'Appelle St. and Ninth Avenue, Qu'Appelle, N. W. T.

In Defence of Our Country's Homes.

"The Qu'Appelle Progress"

IS A STRAIGHT

Prohibitoin Newspaper,

Making the Cause of First Political Importance.

Twenty-Eight Columns Weekly at \$1.00 a Year.

Correspondence Solicited from all parts of the Territories.

JAMES WEIDMAN,

Publisher, Qu'Appelle, N. W. T.

"THE PROGRESS" Office is headquarters for the Northwest Prohibitory
Alliance.

"THE PROGRESS" TURNS OUT THE NEATEST & BEST

Book & Job Printing

Of any Office in the Country.

OUR MANY-COLORED CHROMATIC POSTERS

Are Unexcelled even in the Largest Cities.

OUR BOOK PRINTING

Is equal to the best and speaks for itself. The Saskatchewan Directory
and other books being specimens of the work done by us.

Orders by mail solicited.

ADDRESS,

"THE PROGRESS,"

Qu'Appelle, N. W. T.

THE WANZER SEWING MACHINES!

Received the following unprecedented distinctions at the
Vienna Exhibition, 1873:

TWO MEDALS OF MERIT,

A distinction not obtained by any other Sewing Machine at the Exhibi-
tion. ONE GRAND SILVER MEDAL for the best Family and
Manufacturing Sewing Machine.

The Emperor of Austria conferred upon Mr. E. M. Wanzer, THE
IRON CROSS, and knighted him with the order of FRANCIS JOSEPH
THE FIRST, for his valuable services in the Sewing Machine business,
which were the highest honors conferred at the Exhibition. Mr. Wanzer
is the only Sewing Machine manufacturer in Great Britain or its Colonies
who received those distinguished honors.

JAMES WEIDMAN, AGENT.

Business Directory.

Get your Card in THE PROGRESS BUSINESS Directory for the Northwest.
Under this heading we will insert Business Cards similar to those following for \$5.00 a year, which will include subscription to THE WEEKLY PROGRESS.
First insertion and subscription will be commenced on payment of \$2.00; after first three months, \$1.00 per quarter in advance will be required in every case, or the Card will be dropped out.

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QUEEN'S HOTEL,
S. Davidson, Proprietor.
LELAND HOUSE,
Love & Raymond, Proprietors.
S. H. CASWELL,
General Merchant.
J. P. BEAUCHAMP,
General Merchant.
G. H. V. BULYEA,
Insurance and General Agent, Dealer in Flour and Feed, Furniture, etc.
A. MCKENZIE,
Baker, Dealer in Fruits, Confectionery, etc.
J. B. MILLIKEN & Co.,
Harness and Saddlery.
S. H. COLLINS,
Boots and Shoes.
C. C. BAILEY & Co.,
Practical Watchmakers and Jewelers.
D. H. McMillan, & Bro.,
Qu'Appelle Roller Mills.
THOMSON & NELSON,
Forwarders and Dealers in Building Material.
J. H. MACCAUL,
Lumber Merchant and Insurance Agent.
J. B. ROBINSON,
Contractor, Builder, etc.
WM. CLUSTON,
Builder and Contractor, etc.
R. JOHNSTON,
Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.
J. DOOLITTLE,
Dealer in Bricks.
J. McEwen,
General Blacksmith.
FRANK MARWOOD,
General Blacksmith.
Miss A. McRAE,
Millinery and Fancy Store.
A. SUTHERLAND,
Photo-Artist, Teacher of Music, and Short Land.
E. WISMER,
Tin Smith, Dealer in Stoves and Tinware.
J. R. BUNN,
Contractor in Plastering, Kalsomining, Brickwork, Stonework, etc.
A. C. PATERSON,
Forwarder & General Agent.
E. J. WEIDMAN,
Dealer in Books, Stationery, etc. Agent for Organs and Sewing Machines.
CANADA N. W. LAND CO.,
Leslie Gordon, Agent.
ESLIE GORDON,
ADVOCATE, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, COMMISSIONER FOR MANITOBA, &c.
Agent for Canada North West Land Co. and Qu'Appelle Town Site.
FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE. MONEY TO LEND. QU'APPELLE STATION, N.W.T.

DUNDAS STRONG, R. A.,
LAWYER, NOTARY PUBLIC,
ADVOCATE for North West Territories,
Solicitor, &c.
Money to Lend. Fire, Life and Accident Insurance effected.
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W. SYME REIDPATH,
ADVOCATE, NOTARY PUBLIC,
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and Insurance Agent.
Box 42.
Office over Beauchamp's Store,
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W. T. THOMPSON, D. T. S.,
DOMINION LAND SURVEYOR AND
CIVIL ENGINEER.
QU'APPELLE STATION.

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LICENSED AUCTIONEER
For the North West Territories. Sales conducted on the shortest notice. Arrangements can be made at my Office, or at the Proprietors Office.
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J. M. MACCAUL,
Agent for
Fire, Life, Accident, Guarantee, Marine and Carriage Insurance.
QU'APPELLE, N. W. T.

J. M. Creamer, V.S.,
OF REGINA,
Graduate of the Ontario Veterinary College, will be at the Leland House, QU'APPELLE, every alternate Monday, for the purpose of treating the ailments of horses, cattle, etc.

J. F. GUERIN, L.D.S.,
DENTAL SURGEON.
QU'APPELLE.
Office opposite McEwen's Blacksmith shop.

WM. CLUSTON,
Builder & Contractor
QU'APPELLE.
Estimates Furnished
ON SHORT NOTICE.
OFFICE AT QUEEN'S HOTEL.

FRANK MARWOOD
SUCCESSOR TO T. WELSH,
General Blacksmith
—AND—
Practical Horse-shoer.
A trial solicited from parties having lame or interfering horses. Pious Shares made to order and satisfaction guaranteed.
WORK DONE CHEAP FOR CASH.
Qu'Appelle, April 21st, 1887.

Home & Gossip.

Little Local Links in the Town's Chain of History.

QU'APPELLE.

—Col. McMillan was in town yesterday.

—The municipality is advertising for a collector.

—Miss C. Gibson has returned from Winnipeg.

—No frost here yet; tomatoes are ripening in gardens in town.

—The municipal council held a special meeting on Monday last. The minutes will appear in our next issue.

—Mr. L. W. Mulholland, an old resident, is paying our town a visit. He is on a return trip from British Columbia.

—Hon. Senator Vidal, of Sarnia, Ont., passed through here on Tuesday on a visit to his brother Mr. J. F. Vidal, of Katipew.

—The public Temperance meeting advertised to be held next Monday evening has been postponed for two weeks owing to the visit of the Rev. David Savage for holding evangelistic services in the Methodist church next week.

—On Monday last Messrs. R. Johnston and Chas. McDougall returned from Kamloops, British Columbia, with two car loads of fine mares and colts. This is a superior band, the colts being bred from a heavy draft stallion are very large.

—The citizens of the town are requested to meet at the brass band at the school house to-morrow (Friday) evening at 20 o'clock for the purpose of considering the re-organization of the band. This has been an exceedingly useful institution, and should receive the encouragement and support of the citizens generally. We trust that urging is not needed to secure a good turnout.

—There can be no longer any doubt that the frost has done a great deal of damage in various sections of Manitoba. Still there will be a great quantity of splendid wheat for shipment, and with increased prices the farmers will do pretty well after all. In the Qu'Appelle district there has been no frost. The farmers have harvested a magnificent crop and are correspondingly happy.

—On Tuesday last a fire was started from an engine on the C. P. R. about a mile and a half west of the town. The section gang under the direction of Mr. Clarke, the foreman spent the best part of a day in efforts to get it stopped. Help was also sent for, and a number of our citizens went out and worked hard and toward evening got it under control, but not until it had burned up considerable hay and timber.

—At the Queen's; Daniel Patterson, Elgin, Ont.; D. C. McGregor, F. Chislett, E. D. Moore, D. H. McMillan, J. Smith, Winnipeg; G. L. Goddard, Director Bow River Ranch Co., Cochrane; Wm. Drier, Mrs. McKay and daughter, Prince Albert; H. Goldie, Rev. M. Lejeune, Fort Qu'Appelle; George Thompson, Mrs. Thompson, Indian Head; L. W. Mulholland, S. W. Dowell, Vancouver; W. C. Wright, Blackwood; John Chambers, Brandon.

—At the Leland: Alex. Horsburg, M. Manus, M. Lynch, C. E. Church, Winnipeg; Jno. Hutchison, M. D., J. L. Willey, Detroit; Geo. H. Grundy, Toronto; W. T. McLaurin, La Crosse, Kansas; H. H. Jenkins, Staff Sgt. N. W. M. P., David Camille, D. D. Keown, D. H. Gillespie, Regina; D. R. Parsons, Windsor, Ont.; Rev. P. L. Spencer, Thorold, Ont.; S. J. Last, Fort Qu'Appelle; A. N. Craft, D. L. Briggs, Lewis Bentley, Toronto; J. H. Langridge, Montreal; Hon. H. Vidal, Sarnia, Ont.

—Rev. David Savage, Methodist minister of Tilsonburg, Ontario, and long known as one of the most successful evangelists of the Dominion, is to visit Qu'Appelle next week. He will hold services on Sunday, in the Methodist church, morning and evening, and a service for the young people and children at 1:30 o'clock. The public generally are cordially invited to attend any one or all of these services. Evangelistic meetings will be held each evening during the week to be addressed by Rev. Mr. Savage.

—On Monday last the editor of THE PROGRESS was returning on a train from Regina, when another passenger on the caboose noticed that the engine had started a prairie fire. Conductor Hubbell, who was in charge of the train, on being informed of the fact, at once signalled the train to be stopped and seized a broom, ran back and extinguished the fire. It started between the track and a very large field of oats in shock about a mile west of Balgonie. Conductor Hubbell deserves great credit for his promptitude in performing a timely act.

—Are the base ball boys going to take part in the tournament during the Regina fall show, on which occasion good prizes are to be given? If so they should get down to practice again.

—Shooting is the favorite amusement at present. Our sports come home with good bags, but somehow they have never got into the habit of dropping around to show them to the editor like they do in other towns, if we are to judge from what we find in the columns of our exchanges.

THE PRESBYTERY OF REGINA.

There was a good attendance of members at the meetings of this court of the Presbyterian Church at Moose Jaw on Wednesday and Thursday last. A large portion of the time was given to Committee work and on both evenings the proceedings partook of a nature better calculated to interest the people of the town, some of whom were present both evenings. On Wednesday evening addresses were given by the Revs. Nicholl, Urquhart and Dr. Robertson on the subject of Temperance. Special mention was made of action in accordance with which the Prohibitory Law has been laid aside and a committee was appointed to enquire into the facts of the case and take such steps as may be advisable under the circumstances. On Thursday evening attention was given especially to the subject of Sabbath observance, Sabbath Schools and Missions, and addresses thereon were given by the Revs. Hamilton, Robson, Halliday, Dr. Robertson, and Mr. Crawford of Indian Head. The following resolution was unanimously come to in regard to the first of these subjects: That the Presbytery's committee on Sabbath observance be instructed to enquire into any cases of Sabbath desecration on railway works or in connection with Government service or otherwise and to take such steps as may be advisable to have the day properly observed and its rest secured to the people, and further that all ministers and missionaries be enjoined to preach on this subject and show the observance of the day to be of perpetual obligation. Among the items of business transacted may be mentioned the examination of the session minutes of Knox Church, Regina, and arrangements made for examining a discourse from each of the students laboring within the bounds. The greater part of the Home Mission business was left to the committee, some report having been made as to supply and to special claims. The reports from the fields of labor showed encouraging progress. The appointments to the various fields were left in the hands of the committee. A motion was passed calling the attention of all engaged in the work to the need for regular and systematic giving to all the funds of the church, both ordinary and special, both for the reflex value of such giving and the reason that owing to poor crops in a large part of Ontario the givings of congregations and mission fields will require to be increased. The Rev. Mr. Bunt of the Methodist Church was present at one of the sittings and was invited to sit and correspond. Considerable attention was given to the question of the way in which the churches should carry on the work of civilizing and christianizing the Indians, and it was agreed that the Synod's Foreign Mission Committee be requested to make representations to the Federal Government in regard to the proper carrying on of the work and to confer with the Board of Methodist Missions in session at Winnipeg with a view to securing united action.

THE FACTS.

But to leave argument and deal with facts, the assertions of friends of license that the prohibitory law has had the effect of increasing the use of intoxicants in the Northwest and of lowering the moral standing of the community are without the shadow of foundation. Compare the amount of intoxicants consumed per head in Alberta with that consumed in the adjoining Province of British Columbia or the Territory of Montana. Compare Eastern Assiniboia with Western Manitoba or Dakota. Compare the moral standing of the people of the Northwest with any other Province in Canada or State in the Union, and the comparison is certainly in our favor. In no country in the world, in any degree similarly circumstanced, is law and order so universally maintained, in no similar country is life and property as safe, in no other such country is the percentage of crime so low, the Sabbath so universally observed, or the engagements men make so faithfully kept. These are not figures of speech, but facts beyond dispute; and while we do not claim that to prohibition is due all the credit for this happy condition of affairs, we do assert that the existence of that condition is ample proof that the law as it has

actually been—kept or broken as the case may be—has not worked either moral or material injury in any way to the Northwest, but had it been better enforced, it would have been a greater benefit.—Frank Oliver in the Week.

Now Indians Poison their Arrows.

It was a long time before Friday came, and I began to think that he was going to disregard my summons and was getting angry, and he suddenly put in an appearance. I explained to him what I wished to know, and without the slightest hesitation he said to the venerable arrow maker:

"Tell my brother all about the poisoned arrow."

"Well," said the old man, "first we take a bloated yellow rattlesnake in August, when he is most poisonous, and the him with a stick, then we kill a deer, antelope or some other small animal, and tearing out the liver thrust it to the snake while it is warm and the blood is still coursing through it. The reptile will strike it again and again, and pretty soon it will turn black. When he tires the snake is teased again, and he is induced to sink his fangs into the soft flesh of the deer. The poison has been extracted from him and the liver is reeking with it. He is then killed, and the liver lifted with a sharp pole, for so dangerous is it no one dares to touch it. It is left to rot for about an hour, when it will be a jet black and emit a sour smell."

Arrows are then brought and their iron heads pushed into the liver up to the shaft. They are then sticking there for about an hour and a half, when they are withdrawn and dried in the sun. A thin glistening yellow seam adheres to the arrow, and if it so much touches the raw flesh it is certain to poison it to death."

I asked if Indians still poisoned arrows. "No," he replied, "no man, Indian or white man, for years past has been shot with these arrows, and they are no longer made."—Omaha Republican.

An Island of Cannibal Crows.

On the lower ridge of the Japanese Island of Sado is a very fine growth of pine trees, the home of crows innumerable. The number is remarkable, even in this land of crows. In the morning a great whirling of wings, discordant cries, and a black cloud of these birds flying over the city, tell that they are off on a foraging expedition, no one knows whether. In the early evening by the same token their return is proclaimed. They seem to move in organized companies and almost in military style, a "many-wintered crow" at the head of each battalion "leads the dancing ravenous horde" and they resemble the raven more than the common crow. They are not an unmitigated nuisance, as they are good scavengers. But there is such an army of them the question often arises, "what do they subsist on?" It is a well known fact, however, that they are cannibalistic in their tendencies, the sick and feeble ones being devoured by the strong.

The Marine Service.

"As soon as the recruits, attracted by the manifold consideration set forth on the poster outside, come in to us," the officer said, "they are examined by our physician who tests their constitutions in every possible manner. In case they pass this ordeal, which a very severe one, they are then examined as to their qualifications, to ascertain whether they are able to read and write, as required. Those who come through this are then allowed to enlist for five years' service in the corps."

"Do any of the men re-enlist after serving the full period?" asked the reporter.

"On, yes," was the reply. "I should say that a majority of them do so. You must understand that all who enlist serve five years, for a large number of them desert after a few months. They are a poor lot, those fellows, and only come into the service as a sort of make-shift, when they have nothing else to do. We do not care much when they desert, for we always aim to keep the corps full of good men who will stay. As an inducement for them to remain in the service, we offer increased pay for each succeeding term they serve. When a man has served for thirty years, that is, for six periods, he may retire on three-quarters of his pay, and he is entitled to a pension. A large number have been retired."

When the Moon Changes.

During a long storm persons who are well versed in weather lore are often heard to console themselves with the prediction that there will be a change of weather when the moon changes. Nasmith and Carpenter characterize as a popular error in its most absurd form this belief that a great turning of the moon's face toward and away from the sun could, at certain points, upset the existing condition of our atmosphere, generate clouds and pour down rain. In England (and the same may be said of America) the weather changes about every three days, and there is a change of the moon every seven days, so very many coincidences to lunar influences. But the theory is untenable unless it applies to every case, and unless the same effect is always produced by the same cause. To suppose that a change of the moon will turn dry weather to wet, or wet to dry, or inferentially, is the merest childishness, and contrary to all meteorological records.

THE CRADLE.

HENRY. At Qu'Appelle, on the 14th inst., the wife of Mr. Wm. Henry, of a daughter.

Canadian Pacific

LAKE AND RAIL
ROUTE TO THE EAST
VIA LAKE SUPERIOR

LOW FARES,
QUICK TIME,
LUXURIOUS TRAVEL,
SOLID EXPRESS TRAINS,
Palace Steamships, fitted with Electric Light.

Handsome equipped Trains, with DRAWING ROOM SLEEPING CARS attached, will leave Winnipeg at 10 o'clock on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS AND FRIDAYS making direct connection at PORT ARTHUR with the magnificent CLYDE-BUILT STEEL STEAMSHIPS.

Alberta, Athabasca AND CAMPANA.

SATLIT STE. MARIE, OWEN SOUND, TORONTO, HAMILTON, OTTAWA, MONTREAL, QUEBEC, HALIFAX, NEW YORK, BOSTON.

AND ALL PORTS IN THE EAST.
FREE SECOND CLASS SLEEPING CARS to Trains from Winnipeg, and comfortable Free Storage Berths on Steamships for passengers holding second class tickets.

STATEROOMS on board Steamships secured at Winnipeg upon application to G. H. Campbell, City Ticket Agent, 471 Main Street.
For Through Tickets and correct information as to routes, etc., apply to any ticket agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway.
LUCIUS TUTTLE, HENRY BEATTY, Passenger Traffic Mgr. Mgr. S. S. Lines, Montreal, Toronto.
ROBERT KERR, General Passenger Agent, Winnipeg.

Canadian Pacific Railway

Short & Direct Line TO THE EAST.

Through trains leave Winnipeg daily (except Thursdays) at 10 o'clock, for Port Arthur, London, Toronto, Hamilton, Montreal, Kingston, Ottawa, Portland, Quebec, Halifax, St. John, Boston, New York and all other points in Ontario, Quebec, and the Maritime Provinces and Eastern States.

No Change of Cars Between Winnipeg and Montreal.

At North Bay direct connection is made with trains of the Northern and Northwestern Railways for Toronto and all points in Western Ontario.

THROUGH SLEEPING CAR SERVICE Between Winnipeg, Montreal and Toronto.

ELEGANT DINING CARS attached to all through trains.

FREE SECOND-CLASS SLEEPING CARS

When going east travel by this line and avoid unpleasant transfers and trouble in getting your baggage through the customs.

For tickets and information apply to C. P. R. City Ticket Office, 471 Main St., or at the Depot, GEO. H. CAMPBELL, Ticket Agent.
GEO. OLDS, LUCIUS TUTTLE, Gen. Traffic Mgr. Passenger Traffic Mgr. ROBERT KERR, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

Farmers Read This.

THE PUBLISHERS OF THE
Nor'-West Farmer

being desirous of putting the price of their journal within the reach of all, make the following liberal offer to the Farmers of Manitoba and the Northwest: all sending in \$1.00

(The yearly subscription price) before the 1st of October, 1888, will receive THE FARMER from August, 1888, to December, 1889, inclusive.

Those subscribing before the 1st of November will receive the journal from September, 1888, to December, 1889, inclusive, etc., etc.

New subscribers may have their choice of the above offer, or THE FARMER for 12 months with either of the premiums specified below.

Anyone sending us \$3 for three subscriptions will receive one copy of the NOR'-WEST FARMER free for period as above.

EVERY FARMER, and every one wanting to know the live facts of Northwestern farming, should

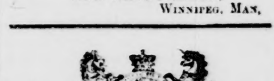
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For the household there will be found selected readings, grave and gay, in prose and verse, and no pains will be spared to keep the publication abreast of the wants of the times. Our matter is suited to the latitude and longitude of the centre of the Dominion and only such papers as are really appropriate to the wants of the country ever find a place there.

New subscribers will receive in addition their choice of the following premiums: The celebrated picture "The Horse Fair," The Standard Poultry Journal, or Home and Health.

Subscription \$1 Per Annum.

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IN order to give effect to the vote of the last Session of Parliament of \$10,000 in aid of Agricultural Societies in the North West Territories, the following apportionment and regulations have been decided:—

1. An Agricultural Society having fifty members, each of whom shall have subscribed \$1, may receive from the above vote \$150, and \$3 for every additional subscriber of \$1 each, not exceeding eighty-three in all; or, for a subscription of \$83.33 the Society having a membership as above would be entitled to receive \$250 which is the largest amount that will be paid from the vote to any one Society.

2. It is a condition of any payment under the preceding section that the Treasurer of any Agricultural Society shall be required to furnish, not later than the 15th September next, to the Minister of Agriculture, a statement showing:—

(a) The name of the Society, and where located.
(b) The name of the several officers; and
(c) A copy of the list of the members of the Society, with the amounts subscribed and paid, set opposite the name of each.
3. This statement must be certified, by a declaration made before a Justice of the Peace, that it is true, and that the subscription is paid.
By order of the Minister of Agriculture.
JOHN LOWE,
Deputy-Minister of Agriculture.
Department of Agriculture,
Ottawa, Aug. 10, 1888.

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